## Course requirements

## BME Faculty of Natural Sciences, Mathematician MSc Applied Numerical Methods with Matlab

Neptun code: BMETE92AM54; Requirements: 2/0/2/F/4 ( $2 \times 45$ minutes lecture, $2 \times 45$ minutes computer lab, midterm mark, credits to be earned: 4 credits);
Semester: spring 2019/20; Language: English;
Lecturer: Róbert Horváth (A0 course);
Computer laboratory tutor: Róbert Horváth (A1)
Website of the course: anal.math.bme.hu/appnum;
Prerequisites: linear algebra, one- and multivariable analysis, ordinary differential equations

Goal of the course: The goal of the course is to introduce, understand and try the basic numerical methods applied in many fields of applied sciences.

## Outline of the course:

- Usage of MATLAB (all discussed numerical methods will be introduced and tested in MATLAB)

The discussed topics are:

- error calculation,
- direct and iterative solution of linear systems of equations: Gauss elimination, Gauss transform, factorizations of matrices, condition of linear systems of equations, Jacobi and Gauss-Seidel iterations, relaxation, convergence of the iteration, error estimation,
- estimation of the eigenvalue and the eigenvector, the power method, inverse power method, QR iteration,
- solution of nonlinear systems of equations,
- simple interpolation with polynomials, Hermite interpolation, interpolation with third degree splines, least squares approximations with polynomials and trigonometric polynomials,
- trigonometric interpolation, basics of fast Fourier transform,
- numerical differentiation,
- numerical integration, Newton-Cotes formulas and its usage, Gaussian quadrature,
- numerical solution of initial value problems of ordinary differential equations, basic terms of one-step methods, Runge-Kutta methods, stability, convergence and error estimation of one-step methods, multistep methods,
- numerical solution of boundary value problems of ordinary differential equations.

Attendance requirements. For practical reasons, we will not make any difference between the lectures and computer labs. Therefore, the attendance is compulsory both at the lectures and at the computer labs, and students are not allowed to miss more than 8 ( $30 \%$ ) classes altogether. We check the attendance at every class. When the number of absences exceeds 8 then the student fails. His or her mark will be "not accomplished".

Midterm tests: Two 90 minutes tests for 36 points each. Hand-written notes on one side of an A4 sheet of paper can be used.

Test 1: $7^{\text {th }}$ week, regularly scheduled lecture on 26 March, Thursday, 12-14, replacement and corrective tests will be organized in the week dedicated to replacements.
Topic: from week 1 to week 6
Test 2: 14 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ week, regularly scheduled computer lab on 21 May, Thursday, 14-16, replacement and corrective tests will be organized in the week dedicated to replacements
Topic: from week 7 to week 13

## Grading rules:

Students will write two midterm tests (so-called recapitulative assessments of knowledge) during the semester. Both tests (90-90 minutes) are worth maximum of 36-36 points. We call a test successful if the student gain more than 15 points ( $40 \%$ ). Besides the tests, the lecturer will appoint some assignments for homework during the semester. The students will have the possibility to collect at least 42 points with these assignments but only maximum of 28 points will count in the final score. Homework assignments are always due to the next week. They cannot be delivered later, and they cannot be corrected or replaced. The minimum requirement from the homework assignments is 12 points (6-6 points from the topics of the weeks 1-6 and 7-13, respectively). Besides the above, students must go through the introductory Matlab course Matlab Onramp (ca. 2 hours) and print out and send the certificate of the course to the lecturer until the second computer lab.

Students must have two successful tests, the fulfillment of the minimum requirement from the homework assignments and the finished Matlab Onramp course to obtain a mark at least "pass" (2). Thus, if a student has an unsuccessful test then he or she must write the test again (replacement test). This will be possible in the week dedicated to replacements ( $15^{\text {th }}$ week) at a pre-agreed date and time. Both midterm tests can be replaced but only at most once. If one of the replacement tests is unsuccessful then the mark of the student is "fail" (1). It is not allowed to write the test again. With a corrective intent (corrective test), students may write the tests again also parallel with the replacement tests. The results of the new tests (if submitted) replace that of the previous tests. It is not possible to fail with a corrective test. If the corrective test is unsuccessful then the student will get the minimum score 15.

The maximum obtainable score in the semester is $100(=36+36+28)$ points, and the final midterm mark is identified as follows:

42- pass (2)
55- average (3)
70- good (4)
85- excellent (5).
Consultations: in the office hours of the lecturer (Thursdays 16-17) or other appointments agreed by e-mail.

## Lecture notes:

- Slides of the lecture presentation in pdf form available at the website of the course
- Assignments for homework published at the website of the course

Other readings:

- Laurene V. Fausett, Applied Numerical Analysis Using Matlab, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008
- W. Cheney, D. Kincaid, Numerical Mathematics and Computing, Brooks/Cole, Cangage learning, 2013
- Steven C. Chapra, Applied Numerical Methods with MATLAB - for engineers and scientists, McGraw Hill, 2008

Catch up with Matlab:

- https://www.mathworks.com/moler/chapters.html
- https://web.stanford.edu/class/ee254/software/using ml.pdf

Budapest, $2^{\text {nd }}$ February 2020

